

Exergetic sustainability assessment of batch versus continuous manufacturing

Lessons learned in primary and secondary pharmaceutical manufacturing

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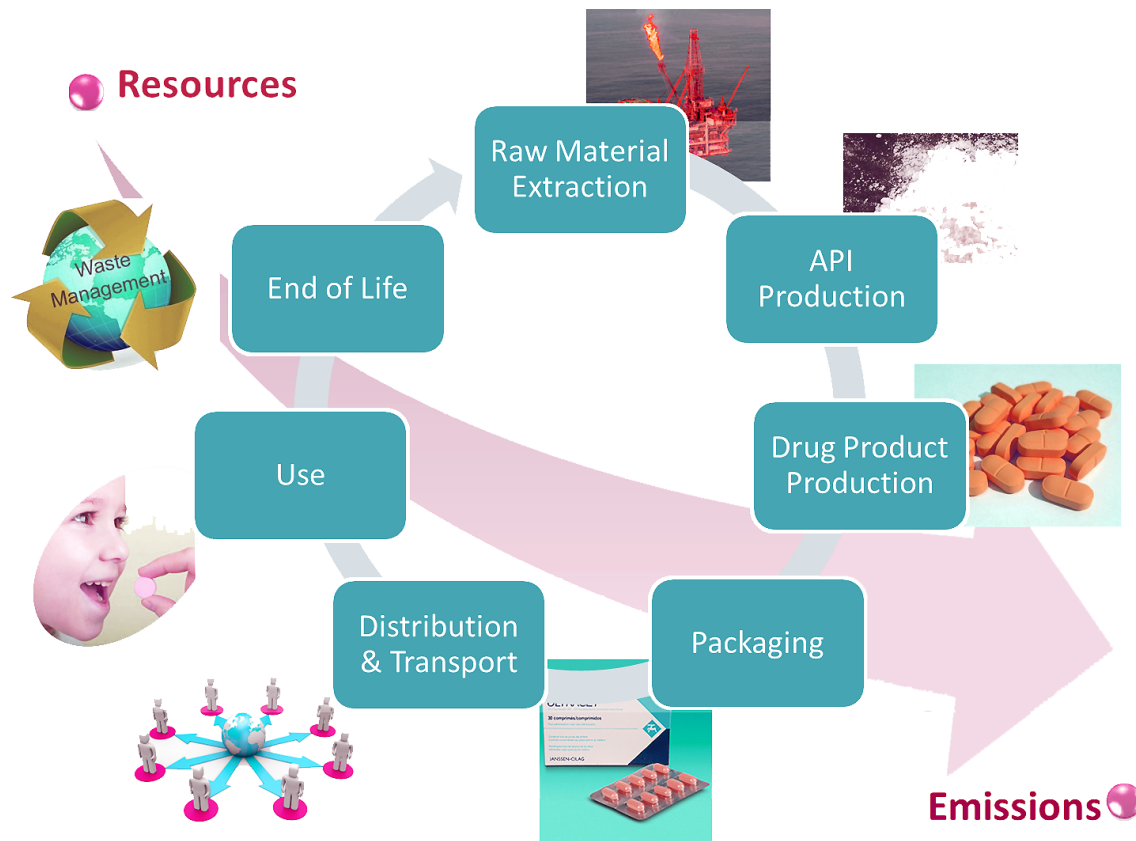
Introduction – Environmental Sustainability & Process Intensification (PI)

Introduction – Is PI Environmentally Sustainable?

PI: DO MORE WITH LESS

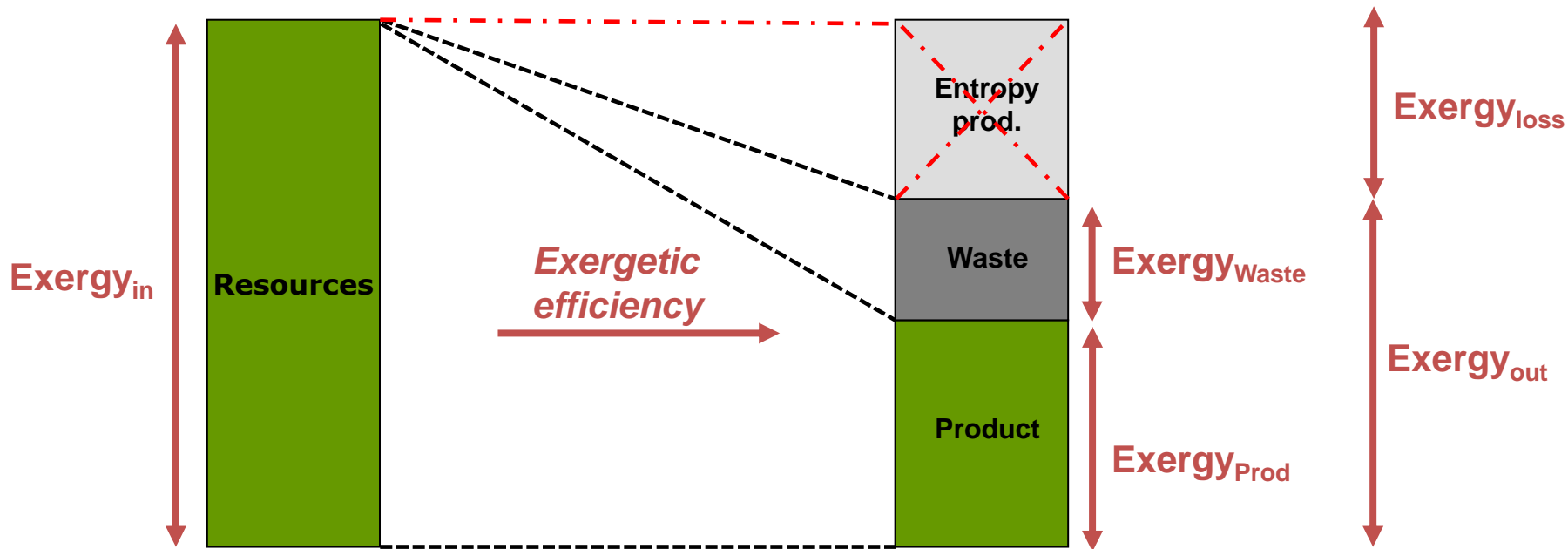
LESS/LEAN:
How to measure?

Take into account
complete lifecycle of
a product/service!



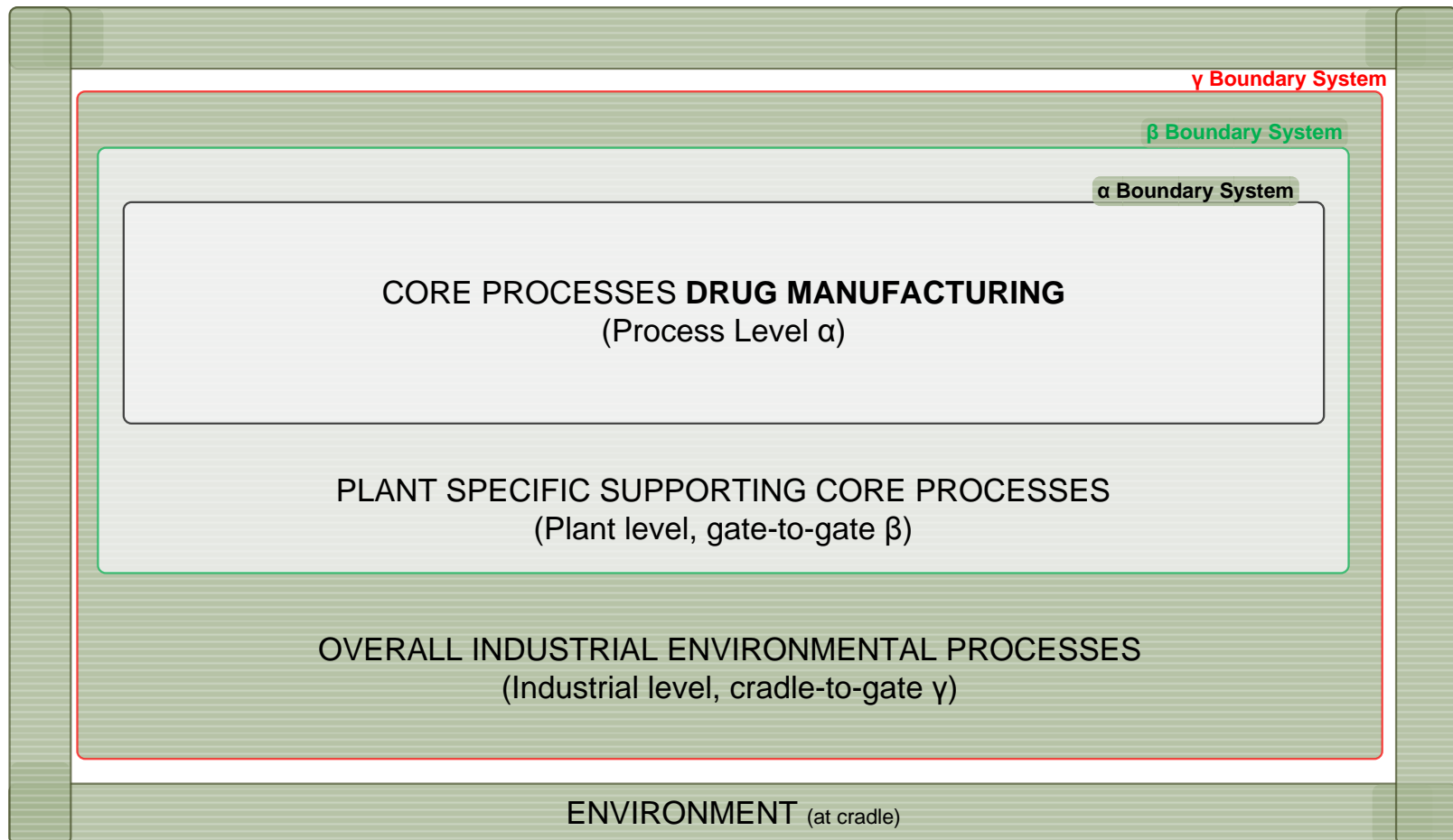
Introduction – How to measure?

- How to quantify all different kinds of resource? Energetic, physical resources?



Introduction – System boundaries

- Combination of Process Analysis (EA) and Life Cycle Analysis (ELCA)
 - Identification, localization and reduction of environmental burdens



Case 1: Primary Pharmaceutical Manufacturing (API)

ReminylTM 12mg

Each tablet contains 15,380 mg galantamine hydrobromide (equivalent to 12 mg galantamine). Each tablet contains orange yellow S aluminium lake.

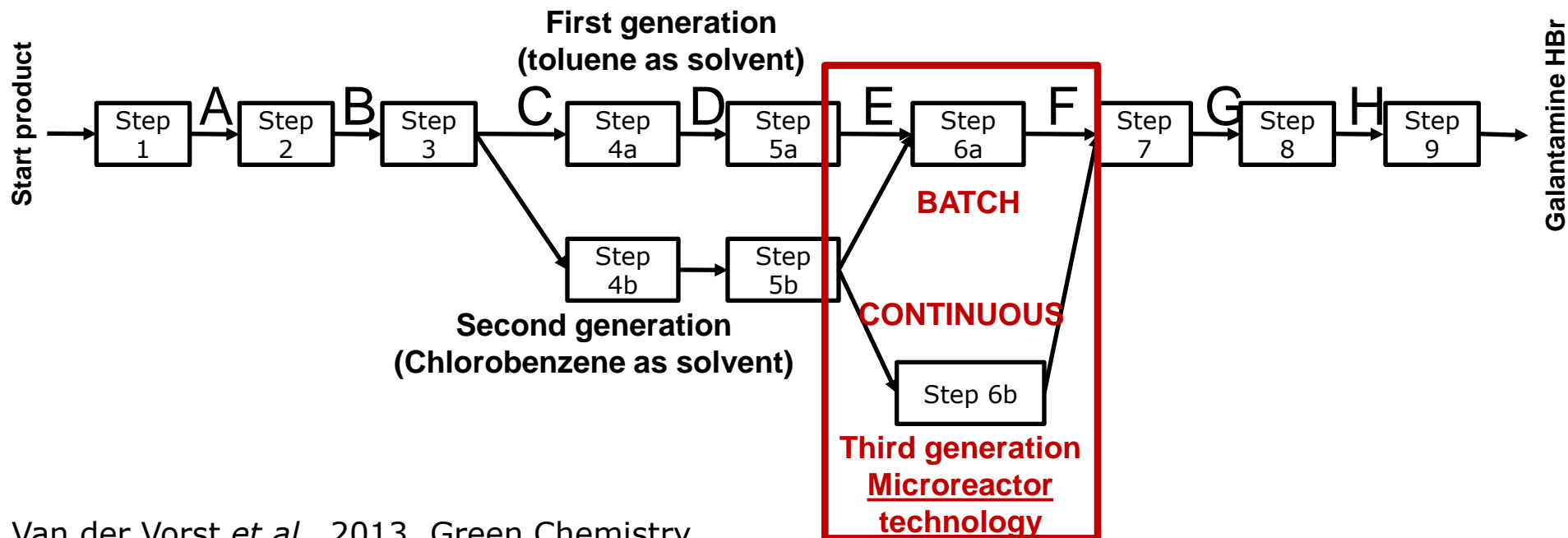
56 comprimés pelliculés - film-coated tablets

JANSSEN-CILAG



Case 1: Three Galantamine generations

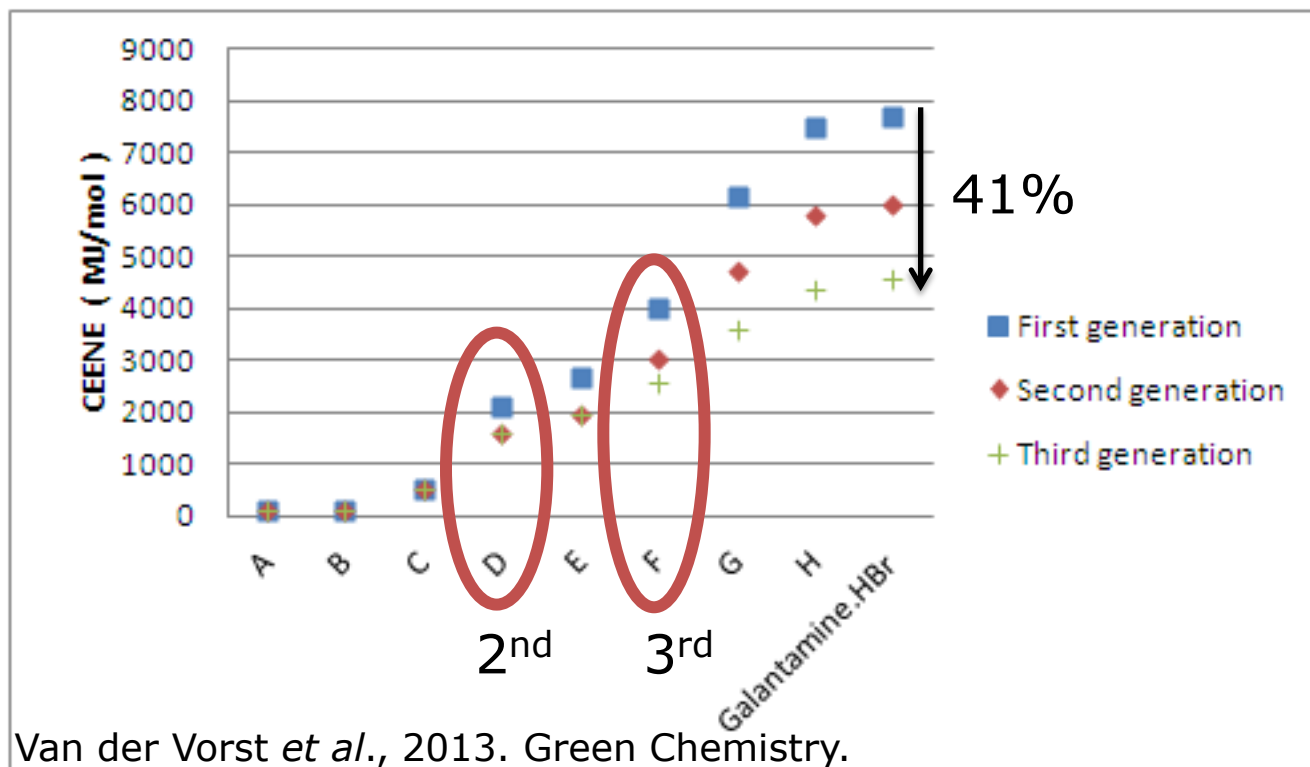
- Comparative environmental sustainability assessment of 3 generations of Galantamine
- Shift from **conventional batch** reactors to **continuous flow microreactors** in synthesis step 6



Van der Vorst *et al.*, 2013. Green Chemistry.

Case 1: Three Galantamine generations

- +- 41% reduction in integral resource consumption of Galantamine synthesis steps ($\text{MJ}_{\text{ex}}/\text{mole intermediate}$)



Case 2: Secondary Pharmaceutical Manufacturing (Dosage Forms)



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PAPER

Wouter De Smet et al.
Energetic sustainability assessment of batch versus continuous wet granulation based pharmaceutical tablet manufacturing: a cohesive analysis at three different levels



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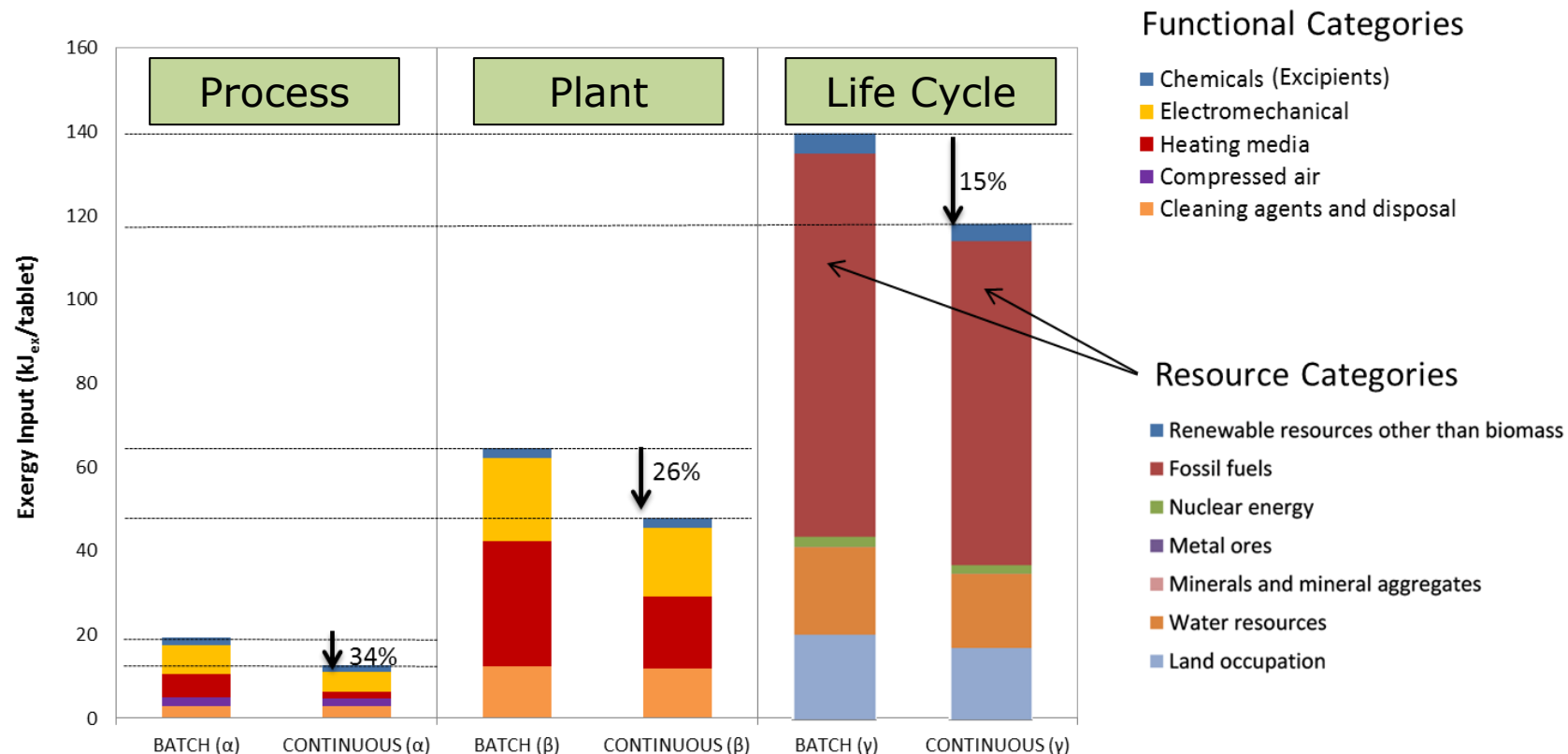
Case 2: Tramacet Drug Product Production (tablet)

- Exergetic sustainability assessment of batch versus continuous wet granulation based pharmaceutical tablet manufacturing: a cohesive analysis at three different levels



De Soete *et al.*, 2013. Green Chemistry.

Case 2: Tramacet Drug Product Production (tablet)

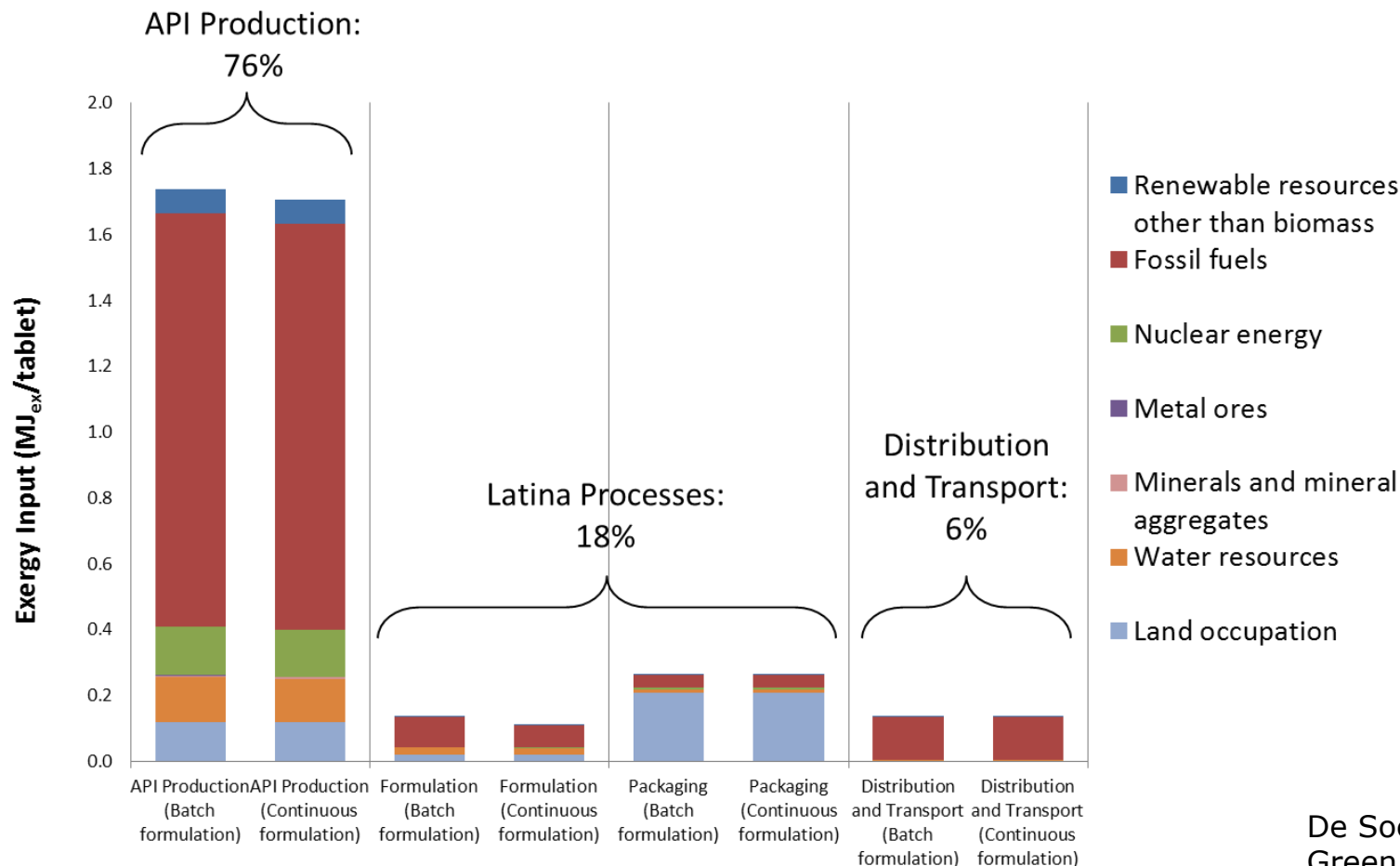


- **Tablet CEENE: 65% fossil, 15% water resources, 15% land occupation/biomass, 5% renewables resources other than biomass**

De Soete *et al.*, 2013. Green Chemistry.

Case 2: Tramacet - What about the supply chain?

- Prevailing for **high dose drugs** (TRAMACET® 82%_w API)



De Soete *et al.*, 2013.
Green Chemistry.

Case 2: Tramacet – Final Results

- Huge step forward towards Greener Formulation Processes
- Further reduce impact through:
 - In-line blending and in-line coating
 - Re-using treated wastewater for cooling or cleaning purposes
 - Recycling exhaust air for heating purposes
- Sensitive parameters:
 - API dosage
 - # tablets per folding box (packaging)

De Soete *et al.*, 2013. Green Chemistry.

Results overview and future outlook

- Substantial knowledge on environmental impact of API synthesis processes
- Need to move downstream in supply chain: what about distribution networks? Logistics? Use phase? Waste management?
- Need for generic forecasting models in R&D environments
- Take into account other impacts as well (e.g. Human Health)

Q&A





Thank You !

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